

Level 1/Level 2 Cambridge National in Engineering Design

R040 Design, evaluation and modelling

Set Assignment

Scenario Title: LED Desk Lamp

Give to candidates on or after 1 June 2023.

Valid for assessment in the January and June 2024 assessment series only.

INSTRUCTIONS TO TEACHERS

• Read the information for teachers before delivering this set assignment.

INFORMATION

- The total mark is 60.
- This document has 21 pages.

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Information for teachers

You must:

- use this set assignment for summative assessment of students.
- familiarise yourself with the Assessment Guidance relating to the tasks. This is with the unit content in Section 4 of the <u>Specification</u>.
- read and understand **all** the rules and guidance in Section 6 of the <u>Specification</u> **before** your students complete and you assess the set assignments.
- make sure that completion of the set assignments and assessment fully adhere to the rules and guidance in Section 6 of the Specification.
- give students the Engineering Design <u>Student guide to NEA assignments</u> before they start the assignments.
- allow students around 10–12 guided learning hours (GLH) to complete all tasks.
- complete the <u>Teacher Observation Record</u> on page 17 for Task 2 and the <u>Teacher Observation</u> <u>Record</u> on page 18 for Task 5. You **must** follow the <u>guidance</u> on page 19 when completing them. A Word version of this document is available to download from the Teach Cambridge website.

You must not:

- change or modify this assignment.
- use or modify this assignment for practice, even when the assignment is no longer valid for assessment. Sample assessment material is provided for this purpose.

You can:

• give your students a Word version of the risk assessment template provided for Task 4. This can be downloaded from the Teach Cambridge website.

Scenario for the assignment

Design, evaluation, and modelling

An engineering design agency produces a range of different LED desk lamps and is looking to develop a new product. Desk lamps are used by many people in the office or at home in a study. They are used to help users to read documents, undertake work and add additional light to a room.

The desk lamp must:

- have LED strip light capability
- be aesthetically pleasing
- be a design suitable for mass production
- allow access to a power source
- have good stability and be free standing
- be constructed from suitable materials for indoor use
- be constructed from recyclable materials
- have a base that will not scratch the supporting surface.



Important Advice:

- Read through all the tasks carefully, so that you know what you will need to do to complete this assignment.
- Look at the marking criteria grids to see how the tasks will be marked. Your teacher can explain the marking criteria if you need help.
- You will need to use relevant skills/knowledge/understanding from other units you have studied in this qualification.
- You can use the risk assessment template provided for Task 4. Your teacher can give you a Word version to use.

Your tasks and marking grids

Task 1 – Product analysis

Topic Area 1.1 is assessed in this task.

As a design engineer, you have been asked by the engineering design agency to undertake a product analysis of a range of LED desk lamps to establish the strengths and weaknesses of the designs.

You will need to consider the factors that influence the design of these LED desk lamps, including how they are manufactured and assembled.

You must:

- carry out a comprehensive product analysis of the key features of LED desk lamps.
- identify the strengths and weaknesses within existing LED desk lamps.
- compare LED desk lamps using a customer-driven engineering matrix.

Your research outcomes should be presented in a report which will be used to inform further designs of LED desk lamps.

Total marks for Task 1: 9 marks

Advice

- Use ACCESS FM to help you analyse LED desk lamps.
- Use primary/secondary research to identify the strengths and weaknesses of existing LED desk lamps.
- Use matrix planning, ranking matrices or Quality Function Deployment (QFD) in your comparisons.

Topic Area 1.1: Product Evaluation – Product Analysis

MB1: 1–3 marks	MB2: 4–6 marks	MB3: 7–9 marks
Produces a basic product analysis of the key features of products using ACCESS FM.	Produces an adequate product analysis of the key features of products using ACCESS FM.	Produces a comprehensive product analysis of the key features of products using ACCESS FM.
Provides a basic description of the strengths and weaknesses of existing products.	Provides an adequate description of the strengths and weaknesses of existing products.	Provides a comprehensive description of the strengths and weaknesses of existing products.
Basic use of an engineering matrix.	Appropriate use of an engineering matrix.	Effective use of an engineering matrix.

Task 2 – Product disassembly

Topic Area 1.2 is assessed in this task.

The engineering design agency has reviewed your report and would now like you to undertake further product analysis through disassembly of a desk lamp (either LED or non-LED).

You must:

- consider the variety and function of components that are housed within the desk lamp.
- establish the most suitable material, production, assembly and manufacturing method.
- use appropriate tools and instruments to undertake the disassembly.
- ask your teacher to complete a Teacher Observation Record for this task.

Your disassembly outcomes should be presented within a report which will be used to inform further design of desk lamps.

Total marks for Task 2: 9 marks

Advice

- Ensure photographs are taken during the disassembly.
- Use tools and instruments carefully.
- Present good quality photographs of each component.

Topic Area 1.2: Product Evaluation – Product Disassembly

MB1: 1–3 marks	MB2: 4–6 marks	MB3: 7–9 marks
Disassembly of a product is dependent upon assistance or help from other sources.	Disassembly of a product is carried out with some assistance or help from other sources.	Disassembly of a product is carried out independently .
Limited understanding of potential hazards and safety considerations when using tools and equipment.	Adequate understanding of potential hazards and safety considerations when using tools and equipment.	Clear understanding of potential hazards and safety considerations when using tools and equipment.
Produces a limited analysis of the components, materials, production methods, assembly, and manufacturing methods used in an engineered product.	Produces an adequate analysis of the components, materials, production methods, assembly, and manufacturing methods used in an engineered product.	Produces a comprehensive analysis of the components, materials, production methods, assembly, and manufacturing methods used in an engineered product.

Task 3 – Virtual CAD 3D

Topic Area 2.1 is assessed in this task.

The engineering design agency would now like you to create a 3D model based upon its product specification.

The CAD drawing of the desk lamp could be rendered in the style of:

- cardboard
- modelling foam
- acrylic
- timber
- manufactured board
- or a combination of materials.

The LED desk lamp drawing is shown in **Fig. 1** on page 8.

You must:

- use CAD software to produce an accurate virtual 3D model of the desk lamp.
- use CAD software to produce individual components.
- use the mate tools to create a CAD assembly using the individual components.
- use CAD software to demonstrate the model from different viewpoints and with the lights on/off.

Total marks for Task 3: 12 marks

MB1: 1–4 marks	MB2: 5–8 marks	MB3: 9–12 marks
Produces a basic 3D virtual model using CAD.	Produces an adequate 3D virtual model using CAD.	Produces a comprehensive 3D virtual model using CAD.
Produces a simple 3D virtual model consisting of a very limited number of components.	Produces an adequate 3D virtual model consisting of some mated components.	Produces a complex 3D virtual model consisting of many mated components.
Demonstration of complex industry-related CAD activities is dependent upon assistance or help from other sources.	Demonstration of complex industry-related CAD activities is carried out with some assistance or help from other sources.	Demonstration of complex industry-related CAD activities is carried out independently .

Topic Area 2: Virtual CAD 3D



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Fig. 1

Task 4 – Physical modelling – production planning

Topic Area 2.1.2 is assessed in this task.

The engineering design agency is keen to see a prototype of the LED desk lamp so that it can be tested and evaluated prior to being mass-produced. As a design engineer, produce a production plan prior to the manufacture of your prototype.

You must:

- create a detailed plan for manufacturing the prototype portable desk lamp, identifying the most important production considerations including risk assessment.
- demonstrate knowledge of the safe use of tools and equipment that will be required during the • manufacture of the prototype desk lamp.

Total marks for Task 4: 6 marks

Advice

- Consider and plan the different stages of manufacturing.
- Carefully consider the risk assessment for each stage of manufacturing.
- Break down the stages of manufacture into manageable chunks and consider how long it will take to undertake each task.
- You can use the template provided on page 20 for your risk assessment.

Material choice

- The desk lamp can be **modelled** using either:
 - cardboard
 - modelling foam
 - materials including acrylic, timber, metal
 - manufactured board
 - or a combination of materials. П
- An example of an LED strip light (50 mm or 100 mm in length) that could be used during the manufacture of the desk lamp is shown in Fig. 2.
- An example of the switch that could be assembled to allow the desk lamp to be switched on and off is shown in Fig. 3.



Fig. 2



Fig. 3

MB1: 1–2 marks	MB2: 3–4 marks	MB3: 5–6 marks
A basic description of the planning stages to be used in the manufacturing of the prototype.	An adequate description of the planning stages to be used in the manufacturing of the prototype.	A comprehensive description of the planning stages to be used in the manufacturing of the prototype.
Shows limited understanding of safety considerations.	Shows some understanding of safety considerations.	Shows a detailed understanding of safety considerations.
Completion of the production plan is dependent upon assistance or help from other sources.	Completion of the production plan is carried out with some assistance or help from other sources.	Completion of the production plan is carried out independently .

Topic Area 2: Physical modelling – Production Planning

Task 5 – Physical modelling – prototype production

Topic Area 2.1.2 is assessed in this task.

Using your production plan, you are tasked with creating a model of your prototype for the engineering design agency. The prototype desk lamp is to be manufactured following your production plan. You should do this applying safe working practices and considering your risk assessment. You must also record the stages of making the prototype.

There are aspects of your production plan that you do not need to take forward into the manufacture of your prototype. These include:

- installation of the LED strip light
- connection to a power source.

You must:

- use your production plan to manufacture the prototype desk lamp (see engineering drawing on page 8).
- select and use appropriate tools and materials to produce the desk lamp.
- record all the key stages of making the prototype.
- ask your teacher to complete a Teacher Observation Record for this task.

Total marks for Task 5: 18 marks

Advice

- Ensure you take photographs during each stage of the manufacture of the desk lamp.
- You could keep a 'Making Diary' to record all the key stages of making the prototype.
- Ensure you wear appropriate PPE whilst undertaking practical work in line with your risk assessment.
- Follow your manufacturing plan to ensure you manufacture an accurate desk lamp.

MB1: 1–6 marks	MB2: 7–12 marks	MB3: 13–18 marks
Dependent upon assistance to produce a prototype from a production plan.	Requires some assistance to produce a prototype from a production plan.	Independently produces a prototype from a production plan.
Dependent upon prompts to use PPE equipment when working with tools, machines, materials, chemicals, finishes and solvents.	Requires some prompting to use appropriate PPE when working with tools, machines, materials, chemicals, finishes and solvents.	Independently uses appropriate PPE when working with tools, machines, materials, chemicals, finishes and solvents.
Use tools and processes with limited effectiveness to produce and assemble an outcome that partly meets the production plan. The prototype will be incomplete.	Use tools and processes with some effectiveness to produce and assemble an outcome that mostly meets the production plan. The prototype will be mostly complete.	Use tools and processes effectively to produce and assemble an outcome that is of a high quality, accurate and fully meets the production plan. The prototype will be fully complete.
Produces a limited record of the key stages of making the prototype.	Produces an adequate record of most of the key stages of making the prototype.	Produces a detailed and accurate record of the key stages of making the prototype.

Topic Area 2: Physical Modelling – Prototype Production

Task 6 – Physical modelling – evaluation of a prototype

Topic Area 2.1.2 is assessed in this task.

Before providing the engineering design agency with your model, you are required to evaluate the prototype to identify any further improvements that could be made to the design.

You must:

- compare the final prototype against the design specification.
- consider ways that the prototype could be improved.

Total marks for Task 6: 6 marks

Advice

- Evaluate your desk lamp against the design specification, ensuring that you justify each point.
- Explain and sketch your suggestions for ways to improve your desk lamp.

Topic Area 2: Physical Modelling – Evaluation of a Prototype

MB1: 1–2 marks	MB2: 3–4 marks	MB3: 5–6 marks
Produces a basic evaluation of the prototype outcome against the product specification.	Produces an adequate evaluation of the prototype outcome against the product specification.	Produces a comprehensive evaluation of the prototype outcome against the product specification.
Provides limited potential improvements. No justification is provided.	Provides some potential improvements, with justification.	Provides detailed potential improvements with justification.

Marking criteria words

The tables below show the descriptor words that will be used in the Marking Criteria grids. They explain the type of evidence that you should expect to see to meet each descriptor word.

Mark Band (MB1) Words:

Word	Meaning	
	• Work includes the minimum required. It is a starting point but is simplistic and not developed.	
Basic	 Understanding and skills are applied in a way that partly achieves the wanted or intended result, but it would not be useable without further input or work. 	
Brief/Briefly	• Work includes a small number of relevant facts or concepts but lacks detail, contextualisation or examples.	
Dependent	 The student can perform a task when given regular assistance or help. 	
Few	 Work produced is restricted or narrow. It includes less than half of the information or examples expected for a full response. 	
Inefficient	 Outputs are produced but with great expense or effort because of poor organisation or design and not making the best use of available resources. 	
Limited	 Work produced is restricted in range or scope and includes only some of the information required. It evidences partial rather than full understanding. 	
	 Work produced is a starting point rather than a developed process, concept or output. 	
Minimal	Includes very little in amount or quantity required.	
Simple	 Includes a small number of relevant parts, which are not related to each other. 	
Superficial	Work completed lacks depth and detail.	

Mark Band (MB2) Words:

Word	Meaning	
Adequate(ly)	 Work includes the appropriate number of relevant facts or concepts but does not include the full detail, contextualisation or examples. 	
Assisted	 The student can perform a task with occasional assistance or help. 	
	To some extent but not completely.	
Part(ly)/Partial	 Work produced is inclusive in range and scope. It evidences a mainly developed application of understanding, performance or output needed. 	
	 Work produced results in a process, concept or output that would be useable for its purpose. 	
Some	 Work produced is inclusive but not fully comprehensive. It includes over half the information or examples expected for a full response. 	
Sound	 Valid, logical, shows the student has secured most of the relevant understanding, but points or performance are not fully developed. 	
	 Applies understanding and skills to produce the wanted or intended result in a way that would be useable. 	

Mark Band (MB3) Words:

Word	Meaning
Accurate(ly)	Acting or performing with care and precision.
	Correct in all details.
All	 Work produced is fully comprehensive and wide-ranging. It includes almost all, or all the information or examples expected for a full response.
Clear(ly)	• Focused and accurately expressed, without ambiguity.
Complex	 Includes many relevant parts, all of which relate to each other logically.
	 The work produced is complete and includes everything required to show depth and breadth of understanding.
Comprehensive(ly)	 Applies the understanding and skills needed to successfully produce the wanted or intended result in a way that would be fully fit-for-purpose.
Consistent(ly)	 A level of performance which does not vary in quality over time.
Critical	 Objective analysis and evaluation in order to form: a judgement, evaluation of the evidence or effective trouble shooting/fault finding.
Detailed	• Gives point by point consideration of all the key information.
Effective	 Applies the skills required to the task and is successful in producing the desired or intended result.
	• The work produced is effective in relation to a brief.
Efficient	 Able to produce results or outputs with the minimum expense or effort, because of good organisation or design and making the best use of available resources.
Full(y)	 Work produced is comprehensive in range and scope. It evidences a fully developed application of understanding, performance or output needed.
	 Work produced results in a process, concept or output that would be fully fit-for-purpose.
Independent(ly)	The student can perform a task without assistance or reliance on others.
Justify/Justified	• The reasons for doing something are explained in full.
Most(ly)	Includes nearly all of what is expected to be included.
Wide (ranging)	Includes many relevant details, examples or contexts; all of which are fully detailed, contextualised or exemplified.

Teacher Observation Record

Please read the guidance notes on page 19 before you complete this form.

Student name:	
Qualification:	OCR Level 1/Level 2 Cambridge National in Engineering Design
Unit number and title:	Unit number: R040
onit number and title.	Unit title: Design, evaluation and modelling
Activity observed:	Task title: Product disassembly
	Task number: 2
Date activity completed:	
Additional evidence attached:	

TEACHER SECTION:

How did the student complete the activity? Your response must provide details of what the student did and how this relates to the relevant marking criteria.

STUDENT SECTION:

Additional student comments:

I agree with my teacher's description of how I completed this activity.

Yes

Student's signature:	Date: (DD/MM/YYYY)	
Teacher's name:		
Teacher's signature:	Date: (DD/MM/YYYY)	

Teacher Observation Record

Please read the guidance notes on the next page before you complete this form.

Student name:			
Qualification:	OCR Level 1/Level 2 Cambridge National in Engineering Design		
Unit number and title:	Unit number: R040		
	Unit title: Design, evaluation and modelling		
Activity observed:	Task title: Physical modelling – prototype production		
	Task number: 5		
Date activity completed:			
Additional evidence attached:			

TEACHER SECTION:

How did the student complete the activity? Your response must provide details of what the student did and how this relates to the relevant marking criteria.

STUDENT SECTION:

Additional student comments:

I agree with my teacher's description of how I completed this activity.

Yes

Student's signature:	Date: (DD/MM/YYYY)	
Teacher name:		
Teacher's signature:	Date: (DD/MM/YYYY)	

Teacher Observation Record Guidance notes

The class teacher and student being observed are responsible for completing this form.

The teacher uses the Teacher Observation Record to detail their observation of the student completing an activity. The completed form must give contextualised details of what the student did and how this relates to the marking criteria. Simply providing statements from the marking criteria is not acceptable. The evidence provided must be individual to the student.

The Teacher Observation Record is also used to show that the student agrees with the teacher's assessment of this activity.

The information given by the teacher must be shared with the student for the student to agree, or otherwise. If the student does not agree with the teacher's comments and links to the marking criteria, they must have the chance to talk about these further with the teacher to reach an agreed outcome **before** the work is submitted for moderation.

Both the teacher and student must sign and date the form to provide evidence of this agreement.

Additional evidence of the student completing the activity must also be provided with the form. The types of additional evidence that are acceptable are detailed in Tasks 2 and 5.

Teacher Observation Records must:

- describe what the teacher observed the student doing
- state how well the activity was completed and the reasons for this evaluation
- include confirmation from the student that they agree with the comments and reasons
- be accompanied by additional evidence as required in Tasks 2 and 5.

Teacher Observation Records must not:

- be a simple repeat of the grading criteria
- be completed by anyone except the teacher observing the activity and the student completing the activity
- be written by the student for the teacher to sign
- contain just a list of skills
- be used to evidence the achievement of a whole unit or task in isolation.

Risk Assessment Template

Risk assessment for _____

The Potential Hazards	
Risks	
Control Measures	

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